UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2018

□ Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 1-33026



Commvault Systems, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1 Commvault Way Tinton Falls, New Jersey (Address of principal executive offices) 22-3447504 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 07724 (Zip Code)

Smaller reporting company o

(732) 870-4000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by the Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that registrant was required to submit such files.) Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Non-accelerated filer o

Large accelerated filer \square

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13 (a) of the Exchange Act o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗌 No x

As of October 29, 2018, there were 46,288,354 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

Accelerated filer o

COMMVAULT SYSTEMS, INC. FORM 10-Q

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Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	S	eptember 30, 2018		March 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	353,181	\$	330,784
Short-term investments		130,919		131,637
Trade accounts receivable		137,338		162,119
Other current assets		21,034		22,248
Total current assets		642,472		646,788
Property and equipment, net		126,292		128,612
Deferred commissions cost		32,290		33,092
Other assets		8,981		10,150
Total assets	\$	810,035	\$	818,642
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	349	\$	761
Accrued liabilities		71,431		82,299
Deferred revenue		223,192		241,113
Total current liabilities		294,972		324,173
Deferred revenue, less current portion		92,514		84,661
Deferred tax liabilities, net		2,304		2,430
Other liabilities		3,100		3,314
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 50,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018				_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 250,000 shares authorized, 46,034 shares and 45,118 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively		458		450
Additional paid-in capital		843,622		782,764
Accumulated deficit		(415,143)		(373,678)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(11,792)		(5,472)
Total stockholders' equity		417,145		404,064
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	810,035	\$	818,642
Total nationales and stocharolaters equity	ψ	010,033	Ψ	010,042

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	. <u> </u>	Three Months Ended September 30,				Six Months End	ed September 30,		
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Revenues:									
Software and products	\$	69,504	\$	72,020	\$	144,554	\$	146,781	
Services		99,574		96,120		200,701		187,331	
Total revenues		169,078		168,140		345,255		334,112	
Cost of revenues:									
Software and products		5,049		1,086		9,169		1,891	
Services		21,824		22,181		45,310		43,037	
Total cost of revenues		26,873		23,267		54,479		44,928	
Gross margin		142,205		144,873		290,776		289,184	
Operating expenses:									
Sales and marketing		89,494		100,595		187,110		200,504	
Research and development		24,507		22,925		49,301		45,470	
General and administrative		24,004		23,620		46,546		47,471	
Restructuring		494				8,389		—	
Depreciation and amortization		2,700		2,388		5,233		4,755	
Total operating expenses		141,199		149,528		296,579		298,200	
Income (loss) from operations		1,006		(4,655)		(5,803)		(9,016)	
Interest income		1,148		539		2,039		972	
Interest expense		—		(234)		—		(466)	
Equity in loss of affiliate		—		(162)				(123)	
Income (loss) before income taxes		2,154		(4,512)		(3,764)		(8,633)	
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,263		(3,502)		3,912		(7,339)	
Net income (loss)	\$	891	\$	(1,010)	\$	(7,676)	\$	(1,294)	
Net income (loss) per common share:									
Basic	\$	0.02	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.03)	
Diluted	\$	0.02	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.03)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:									
Basic		45,880		45,598		45,666		45,364	
Diluted		47,798		45,598		45,666		45,364	
			-						

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	1	Three Months En	ded Sep	tember 30,		Six Months En	ded September 30,		
		2018 2017				2018		2017	
Net income (loss)		891		(1,010)	-	(7,676)		(1,294)	
Other comprehensive income (loss):									
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(1,151)		1,569		(6,320)		4,620	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(260)	\$	559	\$	(13,996)	\$	3,326	

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Comm	on Sto	ck	Additional Paid – In				other	
	Shares	Aı	mount	Capital	P	Accumulated Deficit	C	omprehensive Loss	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2018	45,580	\$	454	\$ 811,271	\$	(404,369)	\$	(10,641)	\$ 396,715
Stock-based compensation				17,750					17,750
Share issuances related to stock-based compensation	655		6	16,222					16,228
Repurchase of common stock	(201)		(2)	(1,621)		(11,665)			(13,288)
Net income						891			891
Other comprehensive loss								(1,151)	(1,151)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	46,034	\$	458	\$ 843,622	\$	(415,143)	\$	(11,792)	\$ 417,145

	Common Shares	 k	Additional Paid – In Capital	A	Accumulated Deficit	-	Accumulated Other omprehensive Loss	Total
Balance as of March 31, 2018	45,118	\$ 450	\$ 782,764	\$	(373,678)	\$	(5,472)	\$ 404,064
Stock-based compensation			35,754					35,754
Share issuances related to stock-based compensation	1,483	14	29,612					29,626
Repurchase of common stock	(567)	(6)	(4,508)		(33,789)			(38,303)
Net loss					(7,676)			(7,676)
Other comprehensive loss							(6,320)	(6,320)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	46,034	\$ 458	\$ 843,622	\$	(415,143)	\$	(11,792)	\$ 417,145

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

Commvault Systems, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (continued) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Comm	on Sto	ck		Additional				Accumulated Other	
	Shares	Amount		Paid – In Capital		Accumulated Deficit		Comprehensive Loss		Total
Balance as of June 30, 2017	45,354	\$	452	\$	720,041	\$	(216,232)	\$	(9,264)	\$ 494,997
Stock-based compensation					19,821					19,821
Share issuances related to stock-based compensation	533		6		11,159					11,165
Repurchase of common stock	(192)		(2)		(1,477)		(9,780)			(11,259)
Net loss							(1,010)			(1,010)
Other comprehensive income									1,569	1,569
Balance as of September 30, 2017	45,695	\$	456	\$	749,544	\$	(227,022)	\$	(7,695)	\$ 515,283

	Comme	on Sto	ck	Additional Paid – In				Accumulated Other	
	Shares	An	nount	Capital	P	ccumulated Deficit	C	Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance as of March 31, 2017	44,816	\$	447	\$ 694,477	\$	(215,677)	\$	(12,315)	\$ 466,932
Cumulative Effect of Adoption of ASU 2016-09				435		(271)			164
Stock-based compensation				39,385					39,385
Share issuances related to stock-based compensation	1,071		11	16,724					16,735
Repurchase of common stock	(192)		(2)	(1,477)		(9,780)			(11,259)
Net loss						(1,294)			(1,294)
Other comprehensive income								4,620	4,620
Balance as of September 30, 2017	45,695	\$	456	\$ 749,544	\$	(227,022)	\$	(7,695)	\$ 515,283

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017				
		2018		2017	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(7,676)	\$	(1,294)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		6,072		5,567	
Noncash stock-based compensation		35,754		39,385	
Deferred income taxes		(273)		(2,789)	
Equity in loss of affiliate		—		123	
Amortization of deferred commissions cost		8,916		8,339	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Trade accounts receivable		21,495		12,439	
Other current assets and Other assets		4,884		(12,778)	
Deferred commissions cost		(8,866)		(7,514)	
Accounts payable		(382)		60	
Accrued liabilities		(13,736)		(19,109)	
Deferred revenue		(3,796)		7,413	
Other liabilities		138		(224)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		42,530		29,618	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of short-term investments		(65,519)		(77,174)	
Proceeds from maturity of short-term investments		66,237		66,609	
Purchase of property and equipment		(3,998)		(2,634)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,280)		(13,199)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Repurchase of common stock		(38,303)		(11,259)	
Proceeds from stock-based compensation plans		29,626		16,735	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(8,677)		5,476	
Effects of exchange rate — changes in cash		(8,176)		11,945	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		22,397		33,840	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		330,784		329,491	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	353,181	\$	363,331	

See accompanying unaudited notes to consolidated financial statements

1. Basis of Presentation

Commvault Systems, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Commvault" or the "Company") is a provider of data and information management software applications and related services. The Company develops, markets and sells a suite of software applications and services, primarily in North America, Europe, Australia and Asia, that provides its customers with data protection solutions supporting all major operating systems, applications, and databases on virtual and physical servers, NAS shares, cloud-based infrastructures, and mobile devices; management through a single console; multiple protection methods including backup and archive, snapshot management, replication, and content indexing for eDiscovery; efficient storage management using deduplication for disk, tape and cloud; integration with the industry's top storage arrays; complete virtual infrastructure management supporting multiple hypervisors; security capabilities to limit access to critical data; policy based data management; and an end-user experience that allows them to protect, find and recover their own data using common tools such as web browsers, Microsoft Outlook and File Explorer. In fiscal 2018 the Company also started selling appliances that integrate the Company's software with hardware and address a wide-range of business needs and use cases, ranging from support for remote or branch offices with limited IT staff up to large corporate data centers. The Company also provides its customers with a broad range of professional and customer support services.

The consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2018 and for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are unaudited, and in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2018. The results reported in these financial statements should not necessarily be taken as indicative of results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year.

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. The Company bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the circumstances. The amounts of assets and liabilities reported in the Company's balance sheets and the amounts of revenues and expenses reported for each of its periods presented are affected by estimates and assumptions, which are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for revenue recognition, income taxes and related reserves, stock-based compensation and accounting for research and development costs. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes in the Company's accounting policies during the six months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the significant accounting policies described in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). Under ASU 2016-02, a lessee will recognize in the balance sheet a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-to-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The Company will adopt this ASU in fiscal 2020. The Company is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 and expects to adopt the standard using the transition method in which prior period financial information is not adjusted.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company grants credit to customers in a wide variety of industries worldwide and generally does not require collateral. Credit losses relating to these customers have been minimal.

Sales through the Company's distribution agreement with Arrow Enterprise Computing Solutions, Inc. ("Arrow") totaled 36% of total revenues for both the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Arrow accounted for 28% of total accounts receivable as of September 30, 2018 and 38% of total accounts receivable as of March 31, 2018.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. The Company's cash equivalents balance consists primarily of money market funds. The Company's short-term investments balance consists of U.S. Treasury Bills with maturities of one year or less. The Company accounts for its short-term investments as held to maturity.

The following table summarizes the composition of the Company's financial assets measured at fair value at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018:

	<u>September 30, 2018</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$	117,919	_	_	\$ 117,919
Short-term investments	\$	_	131,929		\$ 131,929
	March 31, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$	43,545	_	_	\$ 43,545
Short-term investments	\$		132,263	_	\$ 132,263

3. Revenue

The Company accounts for revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which was adopted on April 1, 2017, using the full retrospective method.

The Company derives revenues from two primary sources: software and products, and services. Software and products revenue includes the Company's software and integrated appliances that combine the Company's software with hardware. Services include customer support (software updates and technical support), consulting, assessment and design services, installation services and customer education. A typical contract includes both licenses and services.

Historically, the Company's software licenses typically provide for a perpetual right to use the Company's software. The Company also sells termbased software licenses that expire, which are referred to as subscription arrangements. The Company does not customize its software and installation services are not required. The software is delivered before related services are provided and is functional without professional services, updates and technical support. The Company has concluded that its software license is functional intellectual property that is distinct as the user can benefit from the software on its own. Software revenue is typically recognized when the software is delivered and/or made available for download as this is the point the user of the software can direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the functional intellectual property. The Company does not recognize software revenue related to the renewal of subscription software licenses earlier than the beginning of the subscription period.

Services revenue includes revenue from customer support and other professional services. Customer support includes software updates on a whenand-if-available basis, telephone support, integrated web-based support and bug fixes or patches. The Company sells its customer support contracts as a percentage of net software purchases the support is related to. Customer support revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the customer support agreement, which is typically one year.

The Company's other professional services include consulting, assessment and design services, installation services and customer education. Customer education services include courses taught by the Company's instructors or third-party contractors. Revenue related to other professional services and customer education services is typically recognized as the services are performed.

Most of the Company's contracts with customers contain multiple performance obligations. For these contracts, the Company accounts for individual performance obligations separately if they are distinct. The transaction price is allocated to the separate performance obligations on a relative standalone selling price basis. Standalone selling prices of software and appliances are typically estimated using the residual approach. Standalone selling prices of services are typically estimated based on observable transactions when these services are sold on a standalone basis.

The Company's typical performance obligations include the following:

Performance Obligation	When Performance Obligation is Typically Satisfied	When Payment is Typically Due	How Standalone Selling Price is Typically Estimated
Software and Products Revenue			
Software Licenses	Upon shipment or made available for download (point in time)	Within 90 days of shipment except for certain subscription licenses which are paid for over time	Residual approach
Appliances	When control of the appliances passes to the customer; typically upon delivery	Within 90 days of delivery except for certain subscriptions which are paid for over time	Residual approach
Customer Support Revenue			
Software Updates	Ratably over the course of the support contract (over time)	At the beginning of the contract period	Observable in renewal transactions
Customer Support	Ratably over the course of the support contract (over time)	At the beginning of the contract period	Observable in renewal transactions
Professional Services			
Other Professional Services (except for education services)	As work is performed (over time)	Within 90 days of services being performed	Observable in transactions without multiple performance obligations
Education Services	When the class is taught (point in time)	Within 90 days of services being performed	Observable in transactions without multiple performance obligations

Disaggregation of Revenue

The Company disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers into the nature of the products and services and geographical regions. The geographic regions that are tracked are the Americas (United States, Canada, Latin America), EMEA (Europe, Middle East, Africa) and APAC (Australia, New Zealand, Southeast Asia, China). The Company operates in one segment.

		Tl	ree Months Ended Septem	ıber 30, 2018	
	I	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Total
Software and Products Revenue	\$	41,376 \$	17,526 \$	10,602 \$	69,504
Customer Support Revenue		59,675	20,443	9,489	89,607
Professional Services		5,489	2,705	1,773	9,967
Total Revenue	\$	106,540 \$	40,674 \$	21,864 \$	169,078



	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017					
	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Total		
Software and Products Revenue	\$ 40,704 \$	21,049 \$	10,267 \$	72,020		
Customer Support Revenue	58,205	18,625	8,947	85,777		
Professional Services	5,965	2,759	1,619	10,343		
Total Revenue	\$ 104,874 \$	42,433 \$	20,833 \$	168,140		

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2018					
	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Total		
Software and Products Revenue	\$ 83,492	\$ 39,551	\$ 21,511 \$	\$ 144,554		
Customer Support Revenue	120,101	40,802	19,110	180,013		
Professional Services	11,274	5,931	3,483	20,688		
Total Revenue	\$ 214,867	\$ 86,284	\$ 44,104	\$ 345,255		

		Six Months Ended Septer	mber 30, 2017	
	 Americas	EMEA	APAC	Total
Software and Products Revenue	\$ 80,715 \$	44,821 \$	21,245 \$	146,781
Customer Support Revenue	114,394	35,736	17,537	167,667
Professional Services	10,826	5,304	3,534	19,664
Total Revenue	\$ 205,935 \$	85,861 \$	42,316 \$	334,112

Information about Contract Balances

Amounts collected in advance of services being provided are accounted for as deferred revenue. Nearly all of the Company's deferred revenue balance is related to services revenue, primarily customer support contracts.

In certain contracts the Company allows customers to pay for term-based, or subscription, software licenses and products over the term of the license. Amounts recognized as revenue in excess of amounts billed are recorded as unbilled receivables. Unbilled receivables which are anticipated to be invoiced in the next twelve months are included in Accounts receivable on the consolidated balance sheet. Long term unbilled receivables are included in Other assets. The opening and closing balances of the Company's accounts receivable, unbilled receivables, and deferred revenues are as follows:

	Accounts Receivable	Unbilled Receivable (current)		Unbilled Receivable (long-term)		Deferred Revenue (current)	Deferred Revenue (long-term)	
Opening Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ 152,219 \$	9,900	\$	4,380	\$	241,113 \$	84,661	
Increase/(decrease), net	(27,200)	2,419		343		(17,921)	7,853	
Ending Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 125,019 \$	12,319	\$	4,723	\$	223,192 \$	92,514	

The decrease in accounts receivable is primarily a result of a decrease in software and products revenue relative to the fourth quarter of the prior year as well as a concentration of customer support renewals in the second half of the fiscal year. The decrease in deferred revenue is primarily the result of a decrease in deferred customer support revenue related to software and products revenue transactions and customer support renewals relative to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 and a strengthening of the U.S. dollar.

The amount of revenue recognized in fiscal 2019 that was included in the March 31, 2018 balance of deferred revenue was \$66,993 and \$157,230 for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. The vast majority of this revenue consists of customer support arrangements. The amount of revenue recognized from performance obligations satisfied in prior periods was not significant.

Remaining Performance Obligations

In addition to the amounts included in deferred revenue as of September 30, 2018, \$23,043 of revenue may be recognized from remaining performance obligations, of which \$1,513 was related to software and products. The Company expects the software and products revenue to be recognized next quarter. The vast majority of the services revenue is related to other professional services which may be recognized over the next twelve months but is contingent upon a number of factors, including customers' needs and schedules.

4. Net Income per Common Share

The diluted weighted average shares outstanding exclude outstanding stock options, restricted stock units, performance stock options, performance restricted stock units and shares to be purchased under the employee stock purchase plan totaling 1,024 and 7,433 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and 5,874 and 7,557 for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

5. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of its business, the Company may be involved in various claims, negotiations and legal actions.

On February 27, 2017, Realtime Data LLC d/b/a/ IXO ("Realtime"), a non-practicing entity, sued the Company and Spectra Logic Corporation in the Eastern District of Texas for alleged infringement of four patents. Realtime has sued numerous other companies for infringement of these and other patents. Realtime seeks monetary damages and an injunction. On October 5, 2018, the Company reached an agreement which resulted in the dismissal with prejudice of Realtime's claims, as well as Realtime's claims against the Company's customers, to the extent those claims are based on Commvault's products. In connection with matter, the Company accrued \$1,400 of General and administrative expense in the three and six months ended September 30, 2018. The Company has concluded that any loss related to this matter in excess of this accrual is remote. However, due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, the Company cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of this matter.

6. Capitalization

On August 1, 2018 the Company's Board of Directors unanimously approved the termination of the Company's rights agreement, which was originally scheduled to expire on November 14, 2018. The plan was amended to accelerate the expiration date to August 1, 2018, effectively terminating the plan as of that date.

Subsequent Event

On October 18, 2018, the Board of Directors extended the expiration date of the share repurchase program to March 31, 2020 and authorized an increase to the existing share repurchase program so that \$200,000 was available.

7. Stock Plans

On August 23, 2018, the Company's shareholders approved an amendment to the Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2016 Incentive Plan") to increase the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be delivered under plan to 5,550, an increase of 2,000 shares. The 2016 Incentive Plan authorizes a broad range of awards including stock options, stock appreciation rights, full value awards (including restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares or units and other stock-based awards) and cash-based awards.

The following table presents the stock-based compensation expense included in Cost of services revenue, Sales and marketing, Research and development and General and administrative expenses and Restructuring for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Stock-based compensation is attributable to stock options, restricted stock units, performance based awards and the employee stock purchase plan.

	 Three Months Ended September 30,			Six Months Ended September 30,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017
Cost of services revenue	\$ 756	\$	751	\$	1,512	\$	1,502
Sales and marketing	9,071		8,984		18,595		18,424
Research and development	2,274		2,070		4,489		4,140
General and administrative	5,345		8,016		9,944		15,319
Restructuring	304		—		1,214		_
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 17,750	\$	19,821	\$	35,754	\$	39,385

As of September 30, 2018, there was \$72,660 of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested stock option and restricted stock unit awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.51 years. The Company accounts for forfeitures as they occur. To the extent that awards are forfeitured, stock-based compensation will be different from the Company's current estimate.

Stock Options

Stock Option activity for the six months ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

<u>Options</u>	Number of Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of March 31, 2018	4,402	\$ 48.64		
Options granted	—	—		
Options exercised	(724)	33.69		
Options forfeited	(9)	45.47		
Options expired	(60)	78.89		
Outstanding as of September 30, 2018	3,609	\$ 51.15	3.80	\$ 81,866
Exercisable as of September 30, 2018	3,543	\$ 51.28	3.76	\$ 80,158

The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$7,426 and \$24,186 for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018 and \$4,623 and \$11,625 for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017. The Company's policy is to issue new shares upon exercise of options as the Company does not hold shares in treasury.

Restricted Stock Units

Restricted stock unit activity for the six months ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Non-vested Restricted Stock Units	Number of Awards	Ave	Weighted erage Grant e Fair Value
Non-vested as of March 31, 2018	2,166	\$	54.13
Awarded	397		71.11
Vested	(643)		50.90
Forfeited	(164)		56.69
Non-vested as of September 30, 2018	1,756	\$	58.89

The weighted average fair value of restricted stock units awarded was \$67.41 and \$71.11 per unit during the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, and \$59.29 and \$60.01 per unit during the three and six months ended September 30, 2017. The weighted average fair value of awards includes the awards with a market condition described below.

Performance Based Awards

In the six months ended September 30, 2018, the Company granted 72 performance restricted stock units ("PSU") to certain executives. Vesting of these awards is contingent upon i) the Company meeting certain company-wide revenue and non-GAAP performance goals (performance-based) in fiscal 2019 and ii) the Company's customary service periods. The awards vest over three years and have a maximum potential to vest at 200% (144 shares) based on actual fiscal 2019 performance. The related stock-based compensation expense is determined based on the value of the underlying shares on the date of grant and is recognized over the vesting term using the accelerated method. During the interim financial periods, management estimates the probable number of PSU's that would vest until the ultimate achievement of the performance goals is known. The awards are included in the restricted stock unit table.

Awards with a Market Condition

In the six months ended September 30, 2018, the Company granted 75 market performance stock units to certain executives. The vesting of these awards is contingent upon the Company meeting certain total shareholder return ("TSR") levels as compared to the Russell 3000 market index over the next three years. The awards vest in three annual tranches and have a maximum potential to vest at 200% (150 shares) based on TSR performance. The related stock-based compensation expense is determined based on the estimated fair value of the underlying shares on the date of grant and is recognized using the accelerated method over the vesting term. The estimated fair value was calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The fair value of the awards granted during the six months ended September 30, 2018 was \$81.78. The awards are included in the restricted stock unit table.

8. Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$3,912 in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to a benefit of \$7,339 in the six months ended September 30, 2017. In third quarter of fiscal 2018 the Company determined that it was more likely than not that it will not realize the benefits of its gross deferred tax assets and therefore recorded a valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of these gross deferred tax assets, net of the impact of the reversal of taxable temporary differences, to zero. The tax expense for the six months ended September 30, 2018 relates primarily to current foreign taxes.

Impact of U.S. Tax Reform

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act reduces the US federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously tax deferred and creates new taxes on certain foreign sourced earnings. As of September 30, 2018, the Company has not fully completed the accounting for the tax effects of enactment of the Act; however, it has made a reasonable estimate of the effects on existing deferred tax balances. These amounts are provisional and subject to change. The most significant impact of the legislation for the Company was the reduction of the value of the Company's net deferred tax assets (which represent future tax benefits) as a result of lowering the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%. The Act also

includes a requirement to pay a one-time transition tax on the cumulative value of earnings and profits that were previously not repatriated for U.S. income tax purposes. Based on analysis completed to date the one-time transition tax is expected to be zero. In addition, as of September 30, 2018, the Company no longer considers the undistributed earnings held outside of the U.S. by most of its foreign subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested. The Company still considers undistributed earnings held in China and India to be permanently reinvested.

The Company also continues to evaluate the impact of the GILTI provisions under the Act which are complex and subject to continuing regulatory interpretation by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Company is required to make an accounting policy election of either (1) treating taxes due on future U.S. inclusions in taxable income related to GILTI as a

current period expense when incurred (the "period cost method") or (2) factoring such amounts into the Company's measurement of its deferred taxes (the "deferred method"). The Company's accounting policy election with respect to the new GILTI Tax rules will depend, in part, on analyzing its global income to determine whether it can reasonably estimate the tax impact. While the Company has included an estimate of GILTI in its estimated effective tax rate for fiscal 2019, it has not completed its analysis and has not determined which method to elect. Adjustments related to the amount of GILTI recorded in the financial statements may be required based on the outcome of this election. However, there is no impact on tax expense in the six months ended September 30, 2018 due to the valuation allowance recorded against deferred tax assets.

The Act also requires other complex computations to be performed that were not previously required in U.S. tax law, judgments to be made in interpretation of the provisions of the Act, estimates in calculations, and the preparation and analysis of information not previously relevant or regularly produced. The U.S. Treasury Department, the IRS, and other standard-setting bodies could interpret or issue guidance on how provisions of the Act will be applied or otherwise administered that is different from our current interpretation.

9. Restructuring

In fiscal 2019, the Company initiated a restructuring plan to increase efficiency in its sales, marketing and distribution functions as well as reduce costs across all functional areas. During the six months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred total restructuring charges of \$8,389. These restructuring charges relate primarily to severance and related costs associated with headcount reductions. These charges include \$1,214 of stock-based compensation related to modifications of existing unvested awards granted to certain employees impacted by the restructuring plan.

The activity in the Company's restructuring accruals for the six months ended June 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

	 Total
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$
Restructuring charges	8,389
Payments	(6,626)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 1,763

As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding restructuring accruals primarily relate to future severance payments.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis along with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. The statements in this discussion regarding our expectations of our future performance, liquidity and capital resources, and other non-historical statements are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks and uncertainties described under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. Our actual results may differ materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements.

Overview

Commvault is a provider of data and information management software applications and related services. Commvault was incorporated in 1996 as a Delaware corporation. The Commvault software platform is an enterprise level, integrated data and information management solution, built from the ground up on a single platform and unified code base. All software functionality share the same back-end technologies to deliver the benefits of a holistic approach to protecting, managing, and accessing data. The software addresses many aspects of data management in the enterprise, while providing scalability and control of data and information. In fiscal 2018, we also started selling appliances that integrate our software with hardware and address a wide-range of business needs and use cases, ranging from support for remote or branch offices with limited IT staff up to large corporate data centers. We also provide our customers with a broad range of professional services that are delivered by our worldwide support and field operations. As of September 30, 2018, we had licensed our software applications to over 27,000 registered customers.

Historically, our software licenses typically provided for a perpetual right to use our software and are sold on a per terabyte capacity basis, per-copy, as site licenses or as a solution set. Prior to fiscal 2018, an insignificant amount of our revenue has been sold under subscription, or term-based, license arrangements. In these arrangements, the customer has the right to use the software over a designated period of time. Revenue from subscription arrangements has continued to become a more significant portion of our total revenue compared to historical periods. We expect that this trend will continue.

The industry in which we currently operate continues to go through accelerating changes as the result of compounding data growth and the introduction of new technologies. We remain focused on both the data and information management trends in the marketplace and, in fact, a material portion of our existing research and development expenses are utilized toward the development of such new technologies. While we are confident in our ability to meet these changing industry demands with our Commvault suite and potential future releases, the development, release and timing of any features or functionality remain at our sole discretion and our solutions or other technologies may not be widely adopted.

Given the nature of the industry in which we operate, our software applications are subject to obsolescence. We continually develop and introduce updates to our existing software applications in order to keep pace with evolving industry technologies. In addition, we must address evolving industry standards, changing customer requirements and competitive software applications that may render our existing software applications obsolete. For each of our software applications, we provide full support for the current generally available release and one prior release. When we declare a product release obsolete, a customer notice is delivered twelve months prior to the effective date of obsolescence announcing continuation of full product support for the first six months. We provide an additional six months of extended assistance support in which we only provide existing workarounds or fixes that do not require additional development activity. We do not have existing plans to make any of our software products permanently obsolete.

Sources of Revenues

We derive a significant portion of our total revenues from sales of licenses of our software applications and products. We do not customize our software for a specific end-user customer. We sell our software applications and products to end-user customers both directly through our sales force and indirectly through our global network of value-added reseller partners, systems integrators, corporate resellers and original equipment manufacturers. Our software and products revenue was 42% and 44% of our total revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

In recent fiscal periods, we have generated approximately three-quarters of our software and products revenue from our existing customer base and approximately one-quarter of our software and products revenue from new customers. In addition, our total software and products revenue in any particular period is, to a certain extent, dependent upon our ability to generate revenues from large customer software and products deals, which we refer to as enterprise transactions. Enterprise transactions (transactions greater than \$0.1 million) represented 62% and 61% of our total software and products revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Software and products revenue generated through indirect distribution channels was 87% of total software and products revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and was 86% of total software revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2017. Software and products revenue generated through direct distribution channels was 13% of total software and products revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and was 14% of total software revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2017. The dollar value of software and products revenue generated through indirect distribution channels decreased \$0.2 million, or less than 1%, in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended September 30, 2017. The dollar value of software and products revenue generated through direct distribution channels decreased \$2.0 million, or 10%, in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended September 30, 2017. Deals initiated by our direct sales force are sometimes transacted through indirect channels based on end-user customer requirements, which are not always in our control and can cause this overall percentage split to vary from period-toperiod. As such, there may be fluctuations in the dollars and percentage of software and products revenue generated through our direct distribution channels from time-to-time. We believe that the growth of our software and products revenue, derived from both our indirect channel partners and direct sales force, are key attributes to our long-term growth strategy. We will continue to invest in both our channel relationships and direct sales force in the future, but we continue to expect more revenue to be generated through indirect distribution channels over the long term. The failure of our indirect distribution channels or our direct sales force to effectively sell our software applications could have a material adverse effect on our revenues and results of operations.

Our primary original equipment manufacturer agreement is with Hitachi Vantara (formerly Hitachi Data Systems) ("Hitachi") and allows them to market, sell and support our software applications and services on a stand-alone basis and/or incorporate our software applications into their own hardware products. Our original equipment manufacturer partners, including Hitachi, have no obligation to recommend or offer our software applications exclusively or at all, and they have no minimum sales requirements and can terminate our relationship at any time. Sales through our original equipment manufacturer agreements, accounted for 11% of our total revenues for both the six months ended September 30, 2018 and the six months ended September 30, 2017.

We also have non-exclusive distribution agreements covering our North American commercial markets and our U.S. Federal Government market with Arrow Enterprise Computing Solutions, Inc. ("Arrow"), a subsidiary of Arrow Electronics, Inc., and Tech Data Corporation ("Tech Data"). Pursuant to these distribution agreements, these distributors' primary role is to enable a more efficient and effective distribution channel for our products and services by managing our reseller partners and leveraging their own industry experience. We generated 36% of our total revenues through Arrow in both the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. If Arrow were to discontinue or reduce the sales of our products or if our agreement with Arrow was terminated, and if we were unable to take back the management of our reseller channel or find another North American distributor to replace Arrow, then it could have a material adverse effect on our future business.

Our services revenue was 58% of our total revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 56% of our total revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2017. Our services revenue is made up of fees from the delivery of customer support and other professional services, which are typically sold in connection with the sale of our software applications. Customer support agreements provide technical support and unspecified software updates on a when-and-if-available basis for an annual fee based on licenses purchased and the level of service subscribed. Other professional services include consulting, assessment and design services, installation services and customer education.

Most of our customer support agreements are priced as a percentage of the related net software purchased and are for a one year term. As the end of the annual period approaches, we pursue the renewal of the agreement with the customer. Historically, customer support renewals have represented a significant portion of our total revenue. Because of this characteristic of our business, if our customers choose not to renew their support agreements with us on beneficial terms, or at all, our business, operating results and financial condition could be harmed.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates' Impact on Results of Operations

Sales outside the United States were 46% of our total revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 45% of our total revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2017. The results of our non-U.S. operations are translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rates for each applicable month in a period. To the extent the U.S. dollar weakens against foreign currencies, the translation of these foreign currency denominated transactions generally results in increased revenue, operating expenses and income from operations for our non-U.S. operations. Similarly, our revenue, operating expenses and net income will generally decrease for our non-U.S. operations if the U.S. dollar strengthens against foreign currencies.

Using the average foreign currency exchange rates from the three months ended September 30, 2017 our software and products revenue would have been higher by \$1.3 million, our cost of sales would have been higher by \$0.4 million and our operating expenses would have been higher by \$1.5 million from non-U.S. operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Using the average foreign currency exchange rates from the six months ended September 30, 2017 our software revenue would have been higher by \$0.5 million, our services revenue would have been lower by \$0.5 million, our cost of sales would have been higher by \$0.5 million, our services revenue would have been lower by \$0.5 million, our cost of sales would have been lower by \$0.5 million and our operating expenses would have been lower by \$0.3 million from non-U.S. operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

In addition, we are exposed to risks of foreign currency fluctuation primarily from cash balances, accounts receivables and intercompany accounts denominated in foreign currencies and are subject to the resulting transaction gains and losses, which are recorded as a component of general and administrative expenses. We recognized a net foreign currency transaction gains of \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. We recognized a net foreign currency transaction gains of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million in the three and six months ended september 30, 2017, respectively.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. In many instances, we could have reasonably used different accounting estimates, and in other instances changes in the accounting estimates are reasonably likely to occur from period-to-period. Accordingly, actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by our management. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected.

In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP and does not require management's judgment in its application, while in other cases, significant judgment is required in selecting among available alternative accounting standards that allow different accounting treatment for similar transactions. We consider these policies requiring significant management judgment to be critical accounting policies. These critical accounting policies are:

- Revenue Recognition;
- Stock-Based Compensation;
- Accounting for Income Taxes;
- Software Development Costs;
- Deferred Commissions Costs

There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies during the six months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates disclosed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018. In addition, please see Note 2 of Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our fiscal 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed for a description of our accounting policies.



Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to three months ended September 30, 2017

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$0.9 million, or 1%, from \$168.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$169.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Software and Products Revenue. Software and products revenue decreased \$2.5 million, or 3%, from \$72.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$69.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. Software and products revenue represented 41% of our total revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 43% of total revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2017.

We track software and products revenue on a geographic basis. The geographic regions that are tracked are the Americas (United States, Canada, Latin America), EMEA (Europe, Middle East, Africa) and APAC (Australia, New Zealand, Southeast Asia, China). Americas, EMEA and APAC represented 60%, 25% and 15% of total software and products revenue, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The year over year decline of software and products revenue in EMEA was 17%, which was partially offset by 2% growth in Americas and 3% growth in APAC.

- Americas enterprise transaction revenue increased by 13% as a result of an increase in the number of transactions which was offset by a decrease in non-enterprise transaction revenue.
- EMEA software and products revenue decreased primarily due to a 12% decrease in enterprise transaction revenue. The decrease in enterprise transaction revenue was primarily the result of a decrease in the average dollar value of enterprise revenue transactions.
- The increase in APAC software and products revenue was primarily the result of an increase in enterprise revenue.
- Our software and products revenue in EMEA and APAC is subject to changes in foreign exchange rates as more fully discussed above in the "Foreign Currency Exchange Rates' Impact on Results of Operations" section.

Software and products revenue derived from enterprise transactions (transactions greater than \$0.1 million) represented 66% of our software and products revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 59% of our software and products revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2017. Enterprise transactions increased by \$3.5 million, or 8%, in the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. This increase was driven by a 10% increase in the number of enterprise transactions. The average dollar amount of such transactions was approximately \$284,000 in the three months ended September 30, 2018 and approximately \$287,000 in the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Services Revenue. Services revenue increased \$3.5 million, or 4%, from \$96.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$99.6 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. Services revenue represented 59% of our total revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 57% in the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in services revenue is due to a \$3.8 million increase in revenue from customer support agreements as a result of software sales to new customers and renewal agreements with our installed software base.

Cost of Software and Products Revenues. Total cost of software and products revenues increased \$4.0 million, from \$1.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$5.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of software and product revenue represented 7% of software and product revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 2% in the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in cost of software and products revenue is related to additional hardware and software royalty costs associated with our appliance and hyperscale product offerings. As sales of our appliances and hyperscale products continue to ramp, we expect the cost of software and products as a percentage of software and products revenue will increase.

Cost of Services Revenues. Total cost of services revenues decreased \$0.4 million, or 2%, from \$22.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$21.8 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. The gross margin of our services revenue was 78% and 77% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$11.1 million, or 11%, from \$100.6 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$89.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease is due to a \$7.0 million decrease in employee compensation and related expenses mainly attributable to our restructuring initiatives, a \$2.3 million decrease in travel expenses and a \$1.3 million decrease in marketing expenses. Sales and marketing expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 53% and 60% the three months ended September 30, 2017, respectively.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses increased \$1.6 million, or 7%, from \$22.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$24.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase is primarily due to an increase in salary and related expenses resulting from the expansion of our engineering group. Research and development expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 14% in both the three months ended September 30, 2017. Investing in research and development has been a priority for Commvault, and we anticipate continued spending related to the development of our data and information management software applications.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses increased \$0.4 million, or 2%, from \$23.6 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$24.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase is the result of \$4.2 million in costs related to a non-routine shareholder matters and \$1.4 million related to the non-routine settlement of an intellectual property matter. These increases were partially offset by a \$3.8 million reduction in employee-related expenses, including \$2.7 million in stock-based compensation. General and administrative expenses in the three months ended September 30, 2018 includes \$0.2 million of net foreign currency transaction gains. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 14% in both the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Restructuring. In fiscal 2019 we initiated a restructuring plan to increase efficiency in our sales, marketing and distribution functions as well as reduce costs across all functional areas. During the quarter we incurred total restructuring charges of \$0.5 million. These restructuring charges relate primarily to severance and related costs associated with headcount reductions. These charges include \$0.3 million of stock-based compensation related to modifications of existing awards granted to certain employees included in the restructuring. We cannot guarantee the restructuring program will achieve its intended result. Risks associated with this restructuring program also include additional unexpected costs, adverse effects on employee morale and the failure to meet operational and growth targets due to the loss of key employees, any of which may impair our ability to achieve anticipated results of operations or otherwise harm our business.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation expense increased by \$0.3 million from \$2.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$2.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was \$1.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to a benefit of \$3.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2017. In the third quarter of fiscal 2018 we determined that it is more likely than not that it will not realize the benefits of its gross deferred tax assets and therefore recorded a valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of these gross deferred tax assets, net of the impact of the reversal of taxable temporary differences, to zero. The income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2018 relates primarily to current foreign taxes.

Six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to six months ended September 30, 2017

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$11.1 million, or 3%, from \$334.1 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$345.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018.

Software and Products Revenue. Software and products revenue decreased \$2.2 million, or 2%, from \$146.8 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$144.6 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. Software and products revenue represented 42% of our total revenues in the six months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to 44% of total revenues in the six months ended September 30, 2017.

Americas, EMEA and APAC represented 58%, 27% and 15% of total software and products revenue, respectively, for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Year-over-year growth in software and products revenue in the Americas was 3% and APAC was 1%, while EMEA decreased 12%.

• The increase in Americas software and products revenue was the result of in increase in the number of enterprise revenue transactions. This increases were partially offset by a decline in the average size of enterprise revenue transactions and a decrease in revenue from non-enterprise revenue transactions.



- EMEA software and products revenue decreased as a result of a decline in enterprise transaction revenue driven by a decrease in the average size of these transactions as well as a decrease in total revenue from non-enterprise revenue transactions. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in the number of enterprise revenue transactions.
- The increase in APAC was the result of an increase in the average size of enterprise revenue transactions that was partially offset by an decrease in revenue from non-enterprise revenue transactions and a decrease in the number of enterprise revenue transactions.
- Our software and products revenue in EMEA and APAC is subject to changes in foreign exchange rates as more fully discussed above in the "Foreign Currency Exchange Rates' Impact on Results of Operations" section.

Software and products revenue derived from enterprise transactions (transactions greater than \$0.1 million) represented 62% of our software and products revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 61% of our software and products revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2017. Enterprise transaction revenue increased by \$0.8 million, or 1%, in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended September 30, 2017. This increase was driven by a 26% increase in the number of transactions partially offset by a 20% decrease in the average dollar amount of such transactions. The average sales price was approximately \$262,000 in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and approximately \$328,000 in the six months ended September 30, 2017. Software and products revenue derived from transactions less than \$0.1 million decreased \$3.0 million, or 5%, in the six months ended September 30, 2017.

Services Revenue. Services revenue increased \$13.4 million, or 7%, from \$187.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$200.7 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. Services revenue represented 58% of our total revenues in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 56% in the six months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in services revenue is due to a \$12.3 million increase in revenue from customer support agreements as a result of software sales to new customers and renewal agreements with our installed software base.

Cost of Software and Products Revenues. Total cost of software and products revenues increased \$7.3 million, from \$1.9 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$9.2 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of software and product revenue represented 6% of software and product revenue in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 1% in the six months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in cost of software and products revenue is related to additional hardware and software royalty costs associated with our appliance and hyperscale product offerings. As sales of our appliances and hyperscale products continue to ramp, we expect the cost of software and products as a percentage of software and products revenue will increase.

Cost of Services Revenues. Total cost of services revenues increased \$2.3 million, or 5%, from \$43.0 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$45.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. The gross margin of our services revenue was 77% for both the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$13.4 million, or 7%, from \$200.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$187.1 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease is primarily the result of a \$3.8 million decrease in employee compensation and related expenses, a \$3.4 million decrease in travel expenses, and a \$1.9 million decrease in marketing expenses. Sales and marketing expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 54% in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 60% in the six months ended September 30, 2017.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses increased \$3.8 million, or 8%, from \$45.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$49.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. The increase is due to salary and related expenses resulting from the expansion of our engineering group. Research and development expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 14% in both the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Investing in research and development has been a priority for Commvault, and we anticipate continued spending related to the development of our data and information management software applications.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses decreased \$0.9 million, or 2%, from \$47.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$46.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease is primarily the result of a \$5.4 million decrease in stock-based compensation as well as a \$2.3 million reduction in other employee-related expenses. This decrease was partially offset by \$7.8 million of costs related to a non-routine shareholder matter. The costs are for professional fees related to our settlement agreement with the shareholder and consulting fees incurred with the operational review which was agreed to as part of the settlement. Fiscal 2019 also includes \$1.4 million related to the non-routine settlement of an intellectual property matter. Expenses in the six months ended September 30, 2018 also includes \$0.7 million of net foreign currency transaction gains in the six months ended September 30, 2017. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenues was 13% and 14% in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Restructuring. In fiscal 2019 we initiated a restructuring plan to increase efficiency in our sales, marketing and distribution functions as well as reduce costs across all functional areas. During the first six months of fiscal 2019, we have incurred total restructuring charges of \$8.4 million. These restructuring charges relate primarily to severance and related costs associated with headcount reductions. These charges include \$1.2 million of stock-based compensation related to modifications of existing awards granted to certain employees included in the restructuring. We cannot guarantee the restructuring program will achieve its intended result. Risks associated with this restructuring program also include additional unexpected costs, adverse effects on employee morale and the failure to meet operational and growth targets due to the loss of key employees, any of which may impair our ability to achieve anticipated results of operations or otherwise harm our business.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation expense increased by \$0.5 million from \$4.8 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 to \$5.2 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was \$3.9 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to a benefit of \$7.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017. In the third quarter of fiscal 2018 we determined that it is more likely than not that it will not realize the benefits of its gross deferred tax assets and therefore recorded a valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of these gross deferred tax assets, net of the impact of the reversal of taxable temporary differences, to zero. The income tax expense for the six months ended September 30, 2018 relates primarily to current foreign taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2018, our cash and cash equivalents balance of \$353.2 million primarily consisted of cash and money market funds. In addition, as of September 30, 2018 we have short-term investments invested in U.S. Treasury Bills totaling \$130.9 million. In recent fiscal years, our principal source of liquidity has been cash provided by operations.

As of September 30, 2018, the amount of cash and cash equivalents held outside of the United States by our foreign legal entities was approximately \$130 million. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 we reduced this balance approximately \$67 million by returning cash to the U.S. The remaining balances are dispersed across many international locations around the world. We believe that as a result of recent tax reform, we will likely be able to repatriate foreign earnings without paying U.S. income tax. However, we will remain subject to restrictions by local laws and/or tax consequences including foreign withholding taxes. As a result, it may not be economically efficient, or possible, to make this cash available to the U.S. in the near term. As a result of the enactment of the U.S. Tax Reform, among other things, we have changed our assertion regarding the indefinite reinvestment of foreign earnings outside the U.S. for certain of our foreign affiliates. As of September 30. 2018, we no longer consider undistributed earnings held outside of the U.S. by most of our foreign subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested. We do still consider undistributed earnings held in China and India to be permanently reinvested. The cash balances in China and India as of September 30, 2018 were approximately \$20 million.

During the six months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased \$38.3 million of common stock shares under our share repurchase program. Under our stock repurchase program, repurchased shares are constructively retired and returned to unissued status. Our stock repurchase program has been funded by our existing cash and cash equivalent balances as well as cash flows provided by our operations. On October 18, 2018, the Board of Directors extended the expiration date of the share repurchase program to March 31, 2020 and authorized an increase to the existing share repurchase program so that \$200.0 million was available.

Our future stock repurchase activity is subject to the business judgment of our management and Board of Directors, taking into consideration our historical and projected results of operations, financial condition, cash flows and other anticipated capital requirements or investment alternatives. Our stock repurchase program reduces the dilutive impact on our common shares outstanding associated with stock option exercises and our previous public and private stock offerings through the repurchase of common stock.

Our summarized cash flow information is as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended September 30,				
		2018		2017	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	42,530	\$	29,618	
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,280)		(13,199)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(8,677)		5,476	
Effects of exchange rate-changes in cash		(8,176)		11,945	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,397	\$	33,840	

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$42.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and \$29.6 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017. In the six months ended September 30, 2018, cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to net loss adjusted for the impact of non-cash charges, collection of accounts receivable. These amounts were partially offset by a decrease in deferred revenue and accrued liabilities. In the six months ended September 30, 2017, cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to net loss adjusted for the impact of non-cash charges, an increase in deferred revenue and collection of accounts receivable. These amounts were partially offset by a decrease in accrued liabilities and an increase in other current assets.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$3.3 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and \$13.2 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017. In the six months ended September 30, 2018, cash used in investing activities was related to \$4.0 million of capital expenditures, which was partially offset by \$0.7 million in net proceeds from the maturity of U.S. Treasury Bills. In the six months ended September 30, 2017, cash used in investing activities was related to \$10.6 million in net purchases of U.S. Treasury Bills and \$2.6 million of capital expenditures.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was (\$8.7 million) in the six months ended September 30, 2018 and \$5.5 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017. The cash used in financing activities in the six months ended September 30, 2018 was the result of \$38.3 million of repurchases of common shares partially offset by \$29.6 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options and purchases related to our employee stock purchase program. The cash provided by financing activities in the six months ended September 30, 2017 was due to \$16.7 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options and our employee stock purchase program, partially offset by \$11.3 million of repurchases of common shares.

Working capital increased \$24.9 million from \$322.6 million as of March 31, 2018 to \$347.5 million as of September 30, 2018. The net increase in working capital is primarily the result of cash flow from operations. We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and our cash from operations will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital, income taxes, capital expenditures and potential stock repurchases for at least the next twelve months. We may seek additional funding through public or private financings or other arrangements during this period. Adequate funds may not be available on terms favorable to us, or at all. If additional funds are raised by issuing equity securities, dilution to existing stockholders will result. If we raise additional funds by obtaining loans from third parties, the terms of those financing arrangements may include negative covenants or other restrictions on our business that could impair our operational flexibility, and would also require us to fund additional interest expense. If funding is insufficient at any time in the future, we may be unable to develop or enhance our products or services, take advantage of business opportunities or respond to competitive pressures, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2018, other than our operating leases, we do not have off-balance sheet financing arrangements, including any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities.

Indemnifications

Certain of our software licensing agreements contain certain provisions that indemnify our customers from any claim, suit or proceeding arising from alleged or actual intellectual property infringement. These provisions continue in perpetuity along with our software licensing agreements. We have never incurred a liability relating to one of these indemnification provisions in the past and we believe that the likelihood of any future payout relating to these provisions is remote. Therefore, we have not recorded a liability during any period related to these indemnification provisions.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

See Note 2 of the unaudited consolidated financial statements for a discussion of the impact of recently issued accounting standards.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

As of September 30, 2018, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments consisted primarily of money market funds and U.S. Treasury Bills. Due to the short-term nature of these investments, we are not subject to any material interest rate risk on these balances.

Foreign Currency Risk

Economic Exposure

As a global company, we face exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. Our international sales are generally denominated in foreign currencies and this revenue could be materially affected by currency fluctuations. Approximately 46% of our sales were outside the United States for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our primary exposures are to fluctuations in exchange rates for the U.S. dollar versus the Euro, and to a lesser extent, the Australian dollar, British pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Chinese yuan, Indian rupee, Korean won and Singapore dollar. Changes in currency exchange rates could adversely affect our reported revenues and require us to reduce our prices to remain competitive in foreign markets, which could also have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Historically, we have periodically reviewed and revised the pricing of our products available to our customers in foreign countries and we have not maintained excess cash balances in foreign accounts.

Transaction Exposure

Our exposure to foreign currency transaction gains and losses is primarily the result of certain net receivables due from our foreign subsidiaries and customers being denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the subsidiary. Our foreign subsidiaries conduct their businesses in local currency and we generally do not maintain excess U.S. dollar cash balances in foreign accounts.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are recorded in "General and administrative expenses" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. We recognized a net foreign currency transaction gains of \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2018. We recognized net foreign currency transaction gains of less than of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2017. The net foreign currency transaction gains and losses recorded in "General and administrative" expenses include settlement gains and losses on forward contracts disclosed below.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of September 30, 2018. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2018.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2019 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



Inherent Limitations on Internal Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, do not expect that our disclosures controls and procedures or our internal controls over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are subject to claims in legal proceedings arising in the normal course of our business. Except as discussed below, we do not believe that we are currently party to any pending legal action that could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business or operating results.

On February 27, 2017, Realtime Data LLC d/b/a/ IXO ("Realtime"), a non-practicing entity, sued Commvault and Spectra Logic Corporation in the Eastern District of Texas for alleged infringement of four patents. Realtime has sued numerous other companies for infringement of these and other patents. Realtime seeks monetary damages and an injunction. On October 5, 2018, we reached an agreement which resulted in the dismissal with prejudice of Realtime's claims, as well as Realtime sets claims against our customers, to the extent those claims are based on Commvault's products.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the risks actually occur, our business, financial conditions or results of operations could be negatively affected. In that case, the trading price of our stock could decline, and our stockholders may lose part or all of their investment.

We recently implemented a restructuring program, which we cannot guarantee will achieve its intended result.

In fiscal 2019 we initiated a restructuring plan to increase efficiency in our sales, marketing and distribution functions while reducing costs across all functional areas. We cannot guarantee the restructuring program will achieve its intended result. Risks associated with this restructuring program also include additional unexpected costs, adverse effects on employee morale and the failure to meet operational and growth targets due to the loss of key employees, any of which may impair our ability to achieve anticipated results of operations or otherwise harm our business.

Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

During the second fiscal quarter of the fiscal 2019, we repurchased \$13.3 million of common stock, or 201,397 shares, under our share repurchase program. A summary of our repurchases of common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	verage price iid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced programs		Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the program		
July 2018	26,000	\$ 63.73	26,000	\$	86,169,118		
August 2018	144,100	\$ 66.03	144,100	\$	76,660,937		
September 2018	31,297	\$ 68.48	31,297	\$	74,538,094 *		
Three months ended September 30, 2018	201,397	\$ 66.11	201,397				

*On October 18, 2018, the Board of Directors extended the expiration date of the share repurchase program to March 31, 2020 and authorized an increase to the existing share repurchase program so that \$200.0 million was available.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None

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Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Commvault Systems, Inc.

Dated: October 31, 2018

Dated: October 31, 2018

By: /s/ N. Robert Hammer

N. Robert Hammer Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Brian Carolan

Brian Carolan Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Required by Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))

I, N. Robert Hammer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Commvault Systems, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ N. ROBERT HAMMER

N. Robert Hammer

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 31, 2018

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Required by Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a))

I, Brian Carolan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Commvault Systems, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ BRIAN CAROLAN

Brian Carolan Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 31, 2018

Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Commvault Systems, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, N. Robert Hammer, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ N. ROBERT HAMMER

N. Robert Hammer

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

October 31, 2018

Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Commvault Systems, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Brian Carolan, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ BRIAN CAROLAN

Brian Carolan Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

October 31, 2018